Physics ATAR - Year 12

Electricity and Magnetism Unit Test 2019

Name:	

Mark: / 56 = %

Time Allowed: 50 Minutes

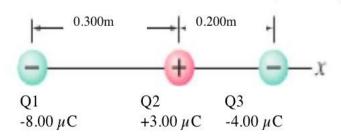
Notes to Students:

- 1. You must include **all** working to be awarded full marks for a question.
- Marks will be deducted for incorrect or absent units and answers stated to an incorrect number of significant figures.
- 3. **No** graphics calculators are permitted scientific calculators only.

Question 1

(6 marks)

Three charged particles are arranged in a line as shown in the diagram. Calculate the net electrostatic force on Q3 due to the other two charges.



Question 2 (3 marks)

Sketch the net magnetic field of the current carrying conductor placed in between two permanent magnets and indicate the direction of the force exerted on the conductor.

N S



N S

Question 3

(11 marks)

An electric wire in the wall of a building carries a current of 25.0 A vertically downward.

(a) Calculate the magnetic field strength at Point P; 10.0 cm due South of the wire as shown in the diagram.

(3 marks)

- (b) If the magnitude of the field strength in (a) is the same magnitude of horizontal component of the Earths, state which direction a compass would point if placed at this point (in Perth)

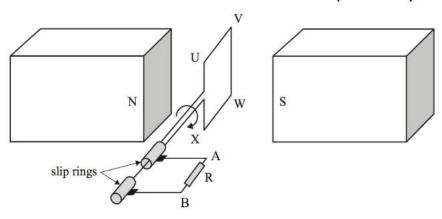
 (1 mark)
- (c) Describe and explain how the compass would change as it is moved away from the wall.

 (3 marks)
- (d) Calculate the distance the compass would need to be from the wire in order for it to point 15.0 degrees from magnetic north. (If you could not do (a), use $B_{wire} = 4.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$) (4 marks)

Question 4

(10 marks)

Students construct a generator similar to the simplified diagram as shown. The armature contains 250 loops, has an area of 2.25 x10-2 m2 and is contained within a magnetic field of 0.150 T. When the armature is rotating steadily, they observe that V_{RMS} is 12.0 V.



(a) Calculate the peak voltage (\mathcal{E}_{max}) of the generator.

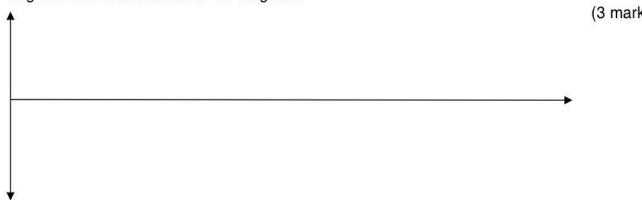
(2 marks)

(b) Calculate the revolutions per minute (rpm) of the armature that would produce a V_{RMS} of 12.0 V.

(4 marks)

(c) Sketch a labelled graph of \mathcal{E}_{max} on the axis below for 2 revolutions beginning from the original orientation shown in the diagram.

(3 marks)



(d) Assuming the slip ring closest to the armature is contact with side length XW only, circle the direction of conventional current through the resistor R as currently shown in the diagram.

(1 mark)

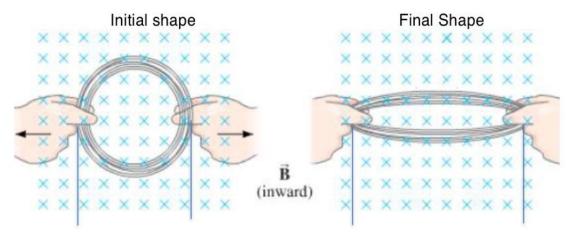
A to B

B to A

zero.

Question 5 (8 marks)

Consider a circular loop of 100 wires with an initial radius of 7.00 cm in an external magnetic field of 90.0 mT. The loop is pulled outwards such that the area of the loop is reduced to $\frac{1}{4}$ of its original area in a time of 155 ms.

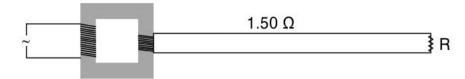


(a) Calculate the magnitude of the average induced EMF as the loop is pulled outwards. (4 marks)

(b)	State and explain the direction of induced current in the loop as it is being pulled outwards. (4 marks)

Question 6 (9 marks)

The diagram of a simple 'ideal' transformer below has 48 windings on the primary and 32 on the secondary. A resistor 'R' is connected to the secondary loop by a set of transmission wires with a total resistance of 1.50 Ω .



- (a) The input power is 1.90 W_{rms}, determine the average power output by secondary coil. (1 mark)
- (b) If the input voltage is 12.0 V AC, calculate the current that flows in the secondary coil.

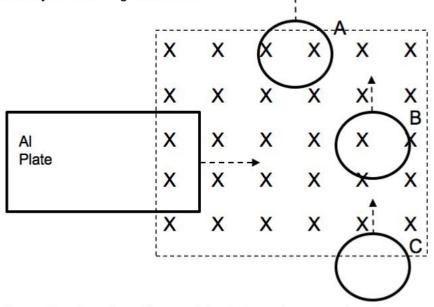
 (4 marks)

(c) Calculate the voltage across the resistor.

(4 marks)

Question 7 (9 marks)

Consider the following electrically conducting items travelling relative to a magnetic field shown below. The dashed arrows represent their direction of travel and the dashed boarder represents the boundary of the magnetic field.



(a)	State the direction, if any of the induced conventional current for rings A, B and C.				
			(3	3 marks	
	A:	B:	C:		
(b)	On the aluminium plate, draw the eddy currents that are produced at this instant in Explain your answer to the direction of ring C.			ime. (1 mark 3 marks	
(d)			f the page, state and explain the effe	ct this	
	would have on the induced conventional current.				